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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/616,167	07/09/2003		Shigeru Muramatsu	2552-000050	1106
27572	7590	12/29/2005		EXAM	INER
	•	Y & PIERCE, P.I	WARREN, DAVID S		
P.O. BOX 8 BLOOMFII		S, MI 48303	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		·		2837	

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		d				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/616,167	MURAMATSU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	David S. Warren	2837				
The MAILING DATE of this community Period for Reply	nication appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD IN WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IT. - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum is a Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a munication. statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI y will, by statute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>12 October 2005</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL .	2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the prac	tice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.I). 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the	application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/	are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by t						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 July 200</u>	<u>3</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje	cted to by the Examiner.				
	ection to the drawing(s) be held in abeya					
		g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a clain a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	n for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
·— ·	y documents have been received.					
	y documents have been received in A	Application No.				
	s of the priority documents have beer					
•	onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office acti	on for a list of the certified copies no	received.				
Attachment(s)		0 (070 440)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) L Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. __

6) Other: __

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

As stated in the previous Office Action (July 13, 2005) with an additional "New Matter" rejection:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The terms "upper," "lower," and "bottom" in claim 5 are relative terms which renders the claim indefinite. These terms are not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Clarification is requested.
- 3. Claims 1 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There does not appear to be an adequate

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description of "side board" in either of the independent claims 1 and 14. The Examiner found reference to "side walls" in the specification, but this does not seem to be consistent with the language used in the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 4. Claims 1 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Broadmoore (5,081,893). Regarding claims 1 and 14, Broadmoore discloses the use of an acoustic keyboard musical instrument including a case having a bottom board (2) formed with plural holes (fig. 1; 32, fig. 5), a tone generating mechanism (pianos inherently have tone generating systems), an automatic playing system (i.e., "player pianos" are automatic), plural actuators (3A, 3B; fig. 1) having plungers (19) passing through the holes, converters (16), and a controller ("selective energization and deenergization" are deemed equivalent to a "controller" col. 6, lines 16 18). Any tool is deemed a "handy tool" and tools were inherently used to install and retrofit the actuators of Broadmoore. Regarding claims 2 and 19, the holes are larger than the plungers (fig. 2). Regarding claim 3, the screw-type thread of Broadmoore's actuator is functionally equivalent to Applicant's claim that the holes are "narrower than a cross

section of associated one of said converters." Regarding claim 4, fig. 1 of Broadmoore shows that holes, plungers, and converters are staggered. Regarding claim 5, as best as can be understood (see §112 rejection supra), "upper" is deemed to be that part of 2 used for mounting 3B, and the "lower" is used to mount 3A. Regarding claim 6, each plunger has a head (14), while Broadmoore is silent as to the resiliency of 14, Broadmoore does use element 14 in association with element 13 (felt, i.e., resilient) and element 29 (col. 6, lines 45 – 48 discuss the resilient washer 29). The Examiner maintains that the structure of Broadmoore is functionally equivalent to that of the Applicant. Regarding claim 7, Broadmoore discloses the use of a stopper (24, 25) movable with the hole (32). Regarding claim 8, as defined by Applicant, bushes are shown in Broadmoore as elements 27 and 30). Regarding claim 9, Broadmoore describes retrofitting a grand piano (col. 2, lines 53 - 56), thus plural keys, plural action units, strings, and plural hammers are part of the Broadmoore invention. Regarding claims 10, 11, 16, and 17, Broadmoore discloses retrofitting either a grand piano or an upright piano (col. 6, lines 41 - 44). Regarding claims 12 and 13, Broadmoore shows the use of electrical solenoids (3). Regarding claims 15 and 18, while Broadmoore does not specifically mention "putting marks indicative of boundaries between keys" and "calculating an intermediate point..." these limitations appear to apply to positioning the converters on the piano. Certainly, Broadmoore would devise a system to correctly position the solenoids and actuators, otherwise, the Broadmoore invention would be inoperable. Therefore, the Examiner deems the limitations of claims 15 and 18 to be

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functionally equivalent to Broadmoore's system for positioning and mounting the actuators.

Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed October 12, 2005, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding the Applicant's response to the §112 rejection in the previous Office Action: The Applicant has added that the "lower" portion is "closer to a bottom." The term "bottom" is also a relative term. Specifically, the Examiner wonders if the "top" or "bottom" (or "lower" or "upper") will change if the device is used on an upright piano as opposed to a grand piano, i.e., will the "lower" portion be turned to be on a side? Again, these terms (lower, upper, bottom, top, etc.) are relative terms and the Applicant has not provided any standard for comparison. The Examiner suggests the following language (i.e., this is <u>not</u> an indication of allowability): "... converters are alternatively connected to first and second adjacent portions...".
- 5. Regarding claims 1 and 14, the Applicant amends the claims to include a "side board connected to the periphery of [the] bottom board for defining a side surface of [the] case..." The Applicant then argues that "the mounting plate (2) [of Broadmoore] is not corresponding to the bottom board, because the side board is not connected to the periphery of the mounting plate (2)." First, the Examiner maintains that the mounting plate (2) of Broadmoore corresponds to the bottom board because it performs precisely the same function as that of the bottom board, i.e., formed with plural holes for receiving

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plungers passing through the holes [which are] reciprocally moved for actuating the tone generating mechanism..." Second, adding a side board to the mounting plate (or bottom board) will not alter its function. Furthermore, it does not appear that Applicant's specification relating to the side board (i.e., there is no support for side board in the specification). Therefore, the Examiner puts forth the argument that the interior walls of Broadmoore's element provide protection of the solenoids and are therefore, deemed to be functionally equivalent to "side boards."

6. The Applicant also argues that "the mounting plate (2) is only expected to bear the striker solenoids (3A, 3B), and the keyboard (1) bears the keys (10, 11), which form parts of the tone generating mechanism." The Examiner can see no distinction between this decription and the Applicant's invention. The Applicant's assertion that "the user will suffer from the deformation of the keyboard (1)" appears to be a *non sequiter*. The structure of Broadmoore and the Applicant's claims are similar, the deformation of the keyboard appears to be irrelevant.

Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

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mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David S. Warren whose telephone number is 571-272-2076. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:30 A.M. to 6:30 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Martin can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext 37. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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